

#### **Offshore Wind Panel**

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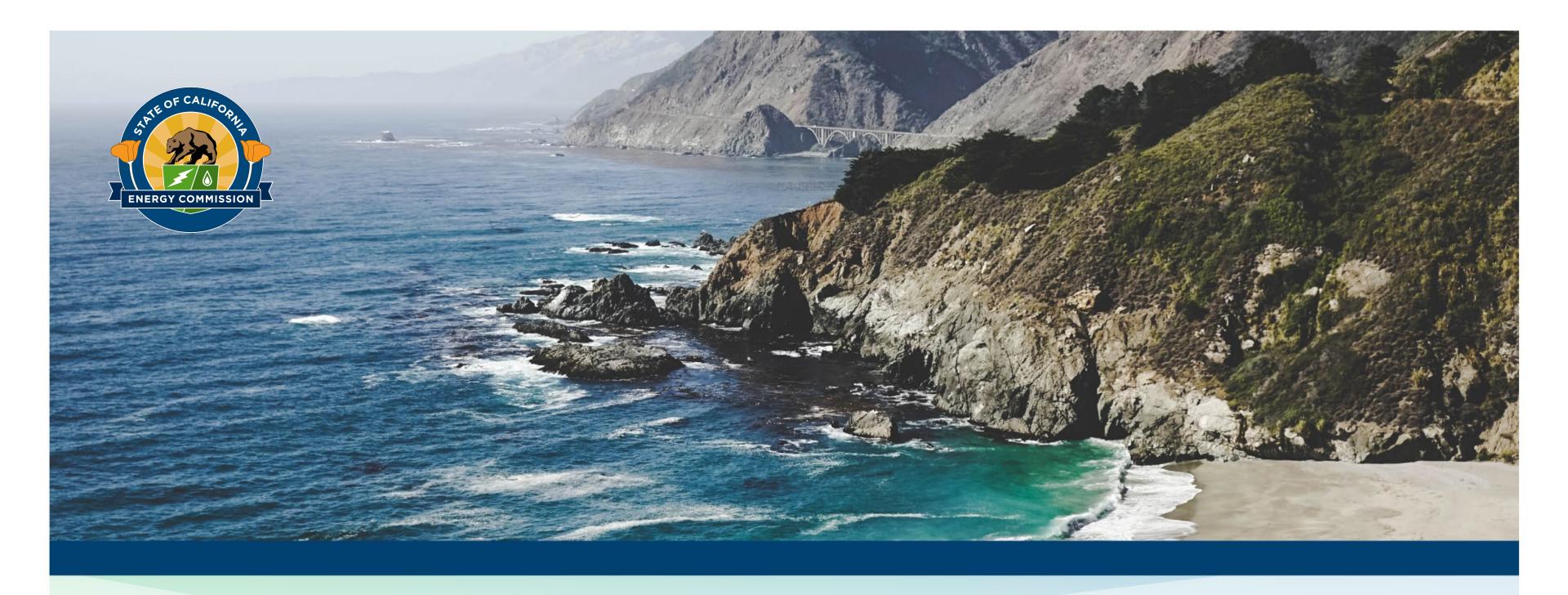


Executive Officer
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Christian Marsh
Moderator



Partner
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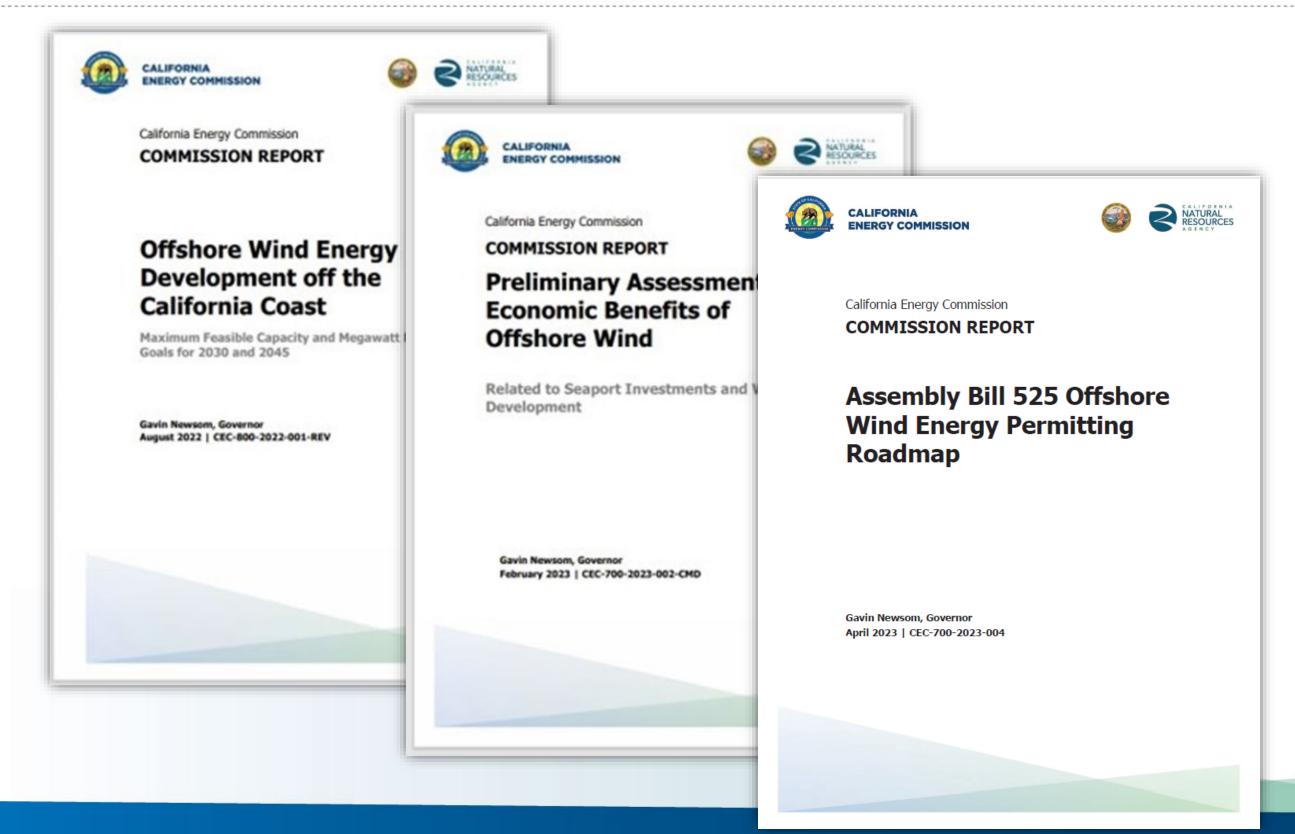


# AB 525 Strategic Plan Overview: Offshore Wind in Federal Waters off the Coast of California

Rachel MacDonald, Siting, Transmission, and Environmental Protection Division September 15, 2023



## **AB 525 Deliverables**



#### **STRATEGIC PLAN**

The CEC to develop a five-part strategic plan including:

- 1. Suitable Sea Space
- 2. Workforce development and Ports Infrastructure
- 3. Transmission Assessment
- 4. Permitting Pathway
- 5. Identification of potential impacts and develop strategies to address those impacts



# Strategic Plan Development

#### Developing a Strategic Plan:

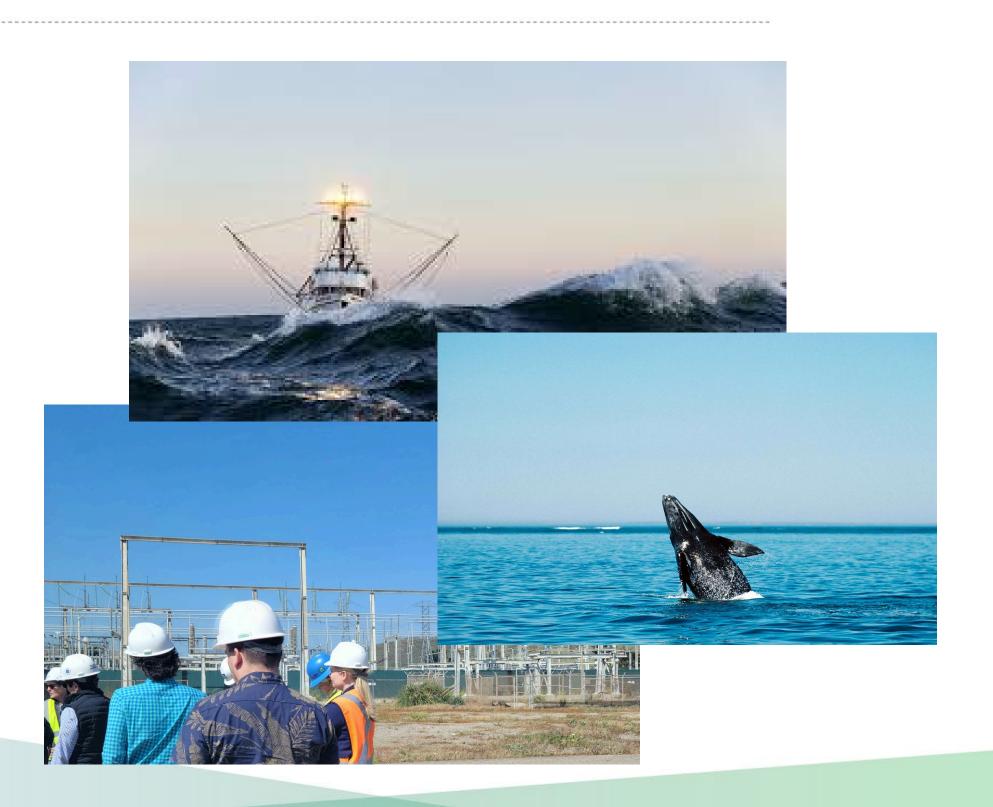
- Sets a Vision
- Establishes Goals
- Designs Action Plans
- Tracks Progress
- Adjusts to New Information and Changing Circumstances





# AB 525 Outreach and Coordination

- California's Native Americans/Tribes
- Fisheries and related industry
- Environmental/eNGOs
- Ports and related industry
- Labor and unions
- Department of Defense
- Industry Stakeholders and public





# AB 525 Coordinating Agencies























# State Licensing Agencies



<u>California Coastal Commission (CCC)</u>: implements the California Coastal Act and the Coastal Zone Management Act. The Coastal Zone Management Act provides for Commission review of federal activities or permits outside of the coastal zone, including <u>offshore wind</u> projects, that could influence California's coastal resources.



Ocean Protection Council (OPC): advises the governor and legislature on ocean and coastal issues and supports assessing the impacts of offshore wind to marine life, fisheries, tribal and cultural resources, and local economies. OPC's Strategic Plan to Protect California's Coast and Ocean 2020-2025 includes a goal to support sustainable commercial offshore wind development.



<u>California State Lands Commission (SLC):</u> manages lands owned by the State, including navigable waterways and submerged lands up to three nautical miles offshore. CSLC considers applications for leases to use State lands, such as applications for <u>offshore wind development in state waters</u>.



<u>California Department of Fish and Wildlife (CDFW)</u>: has jurisdiction over conservation, protection and management of fish, wildlife, native plants, and habitats necessary for biologically sustainable populations of the species. CDFW is also responsible for marine biodiversity protection in California's coastal marine waters.



# Report Timing

Target: Post
Draft Report
early Fall

Target: Public
Workshop on
Draft Report
mid Fall

Target: Public
Comment
Period,
continued
outreach, and
revisions

Target: Adoption of Final Strategic Plan by end of 2023



# Thank You!

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#### **Links to:**

AB 525 Report Webpage

**Various Interim and Consultant Reports** 

**OSW Transmission Technology Assessment Report** 





#### Floating Offshore Wind Globally

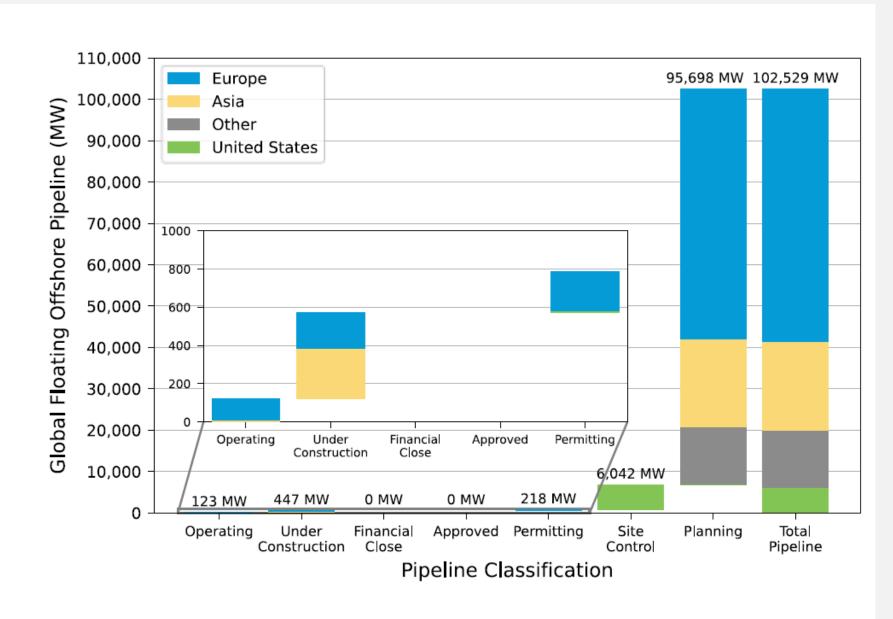


Figure 25. Total global floating offshore wind energy pipeline by regulatory status



Diablo
Canyon = 2,200 MW

- 123 MW operational
- 7,000-10,000 MW in development
- 95,000 MW planned
- 300,000 MW Projected globally

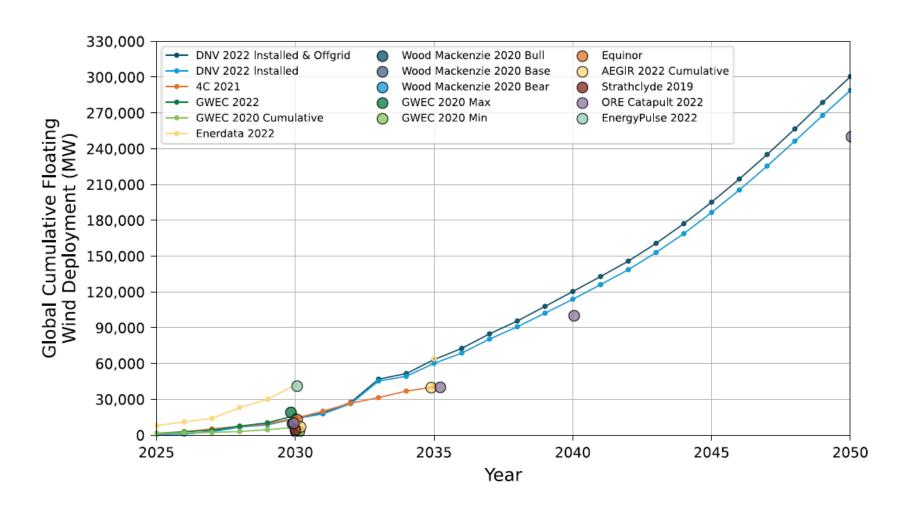
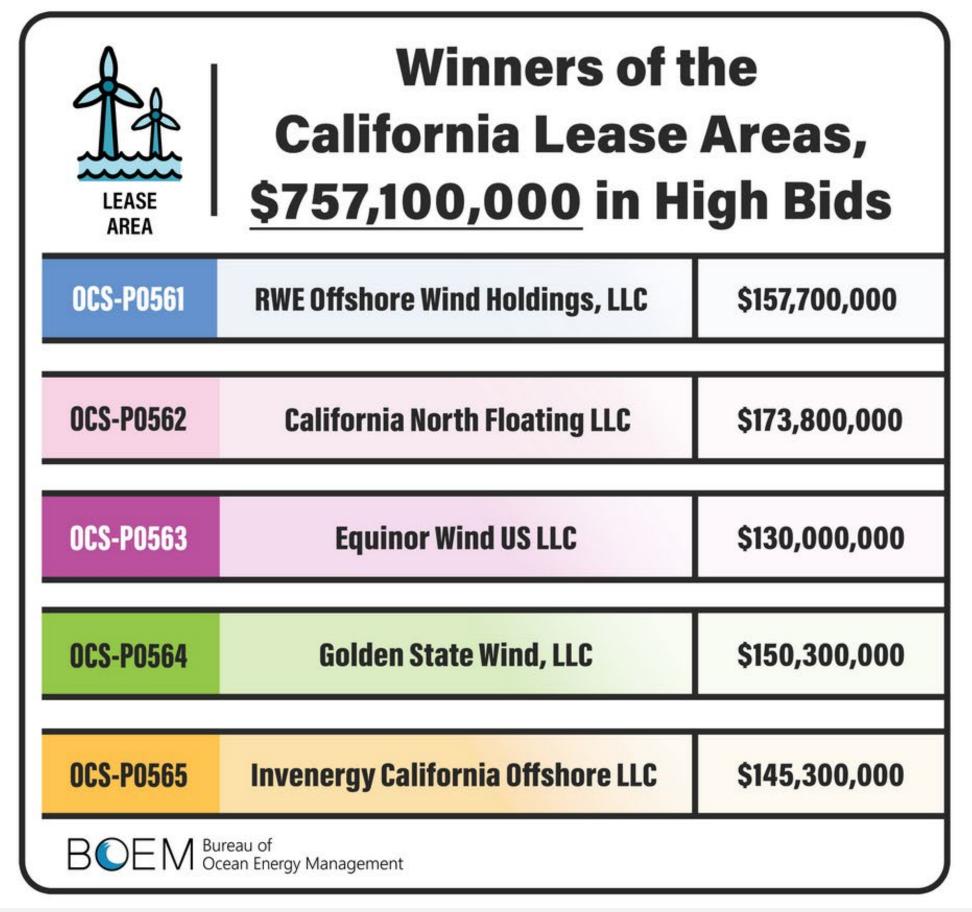
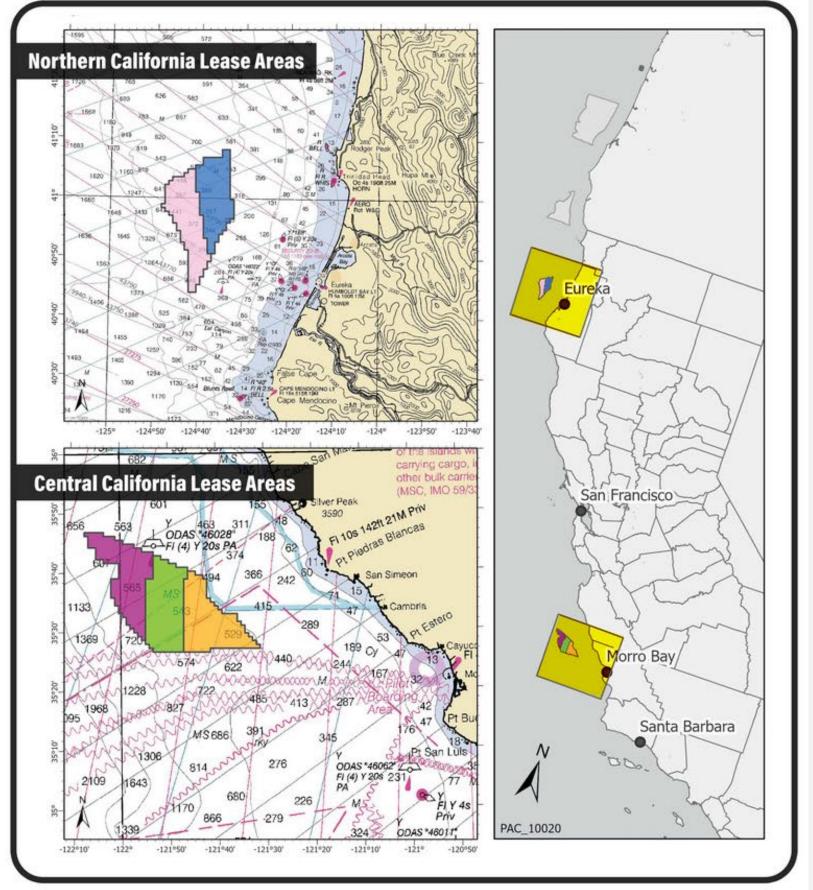


Figure 27. Long-term cumulative floating offshore wind energy deployment projections.

#### California Leases





#### **Ports**

### Floating OSW Wharf-side Assembly & Loadout

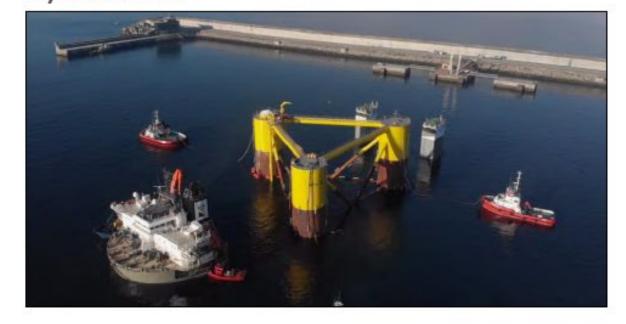
#### 1) Fabrication



2) Loadout onto semi sub



3) Float off



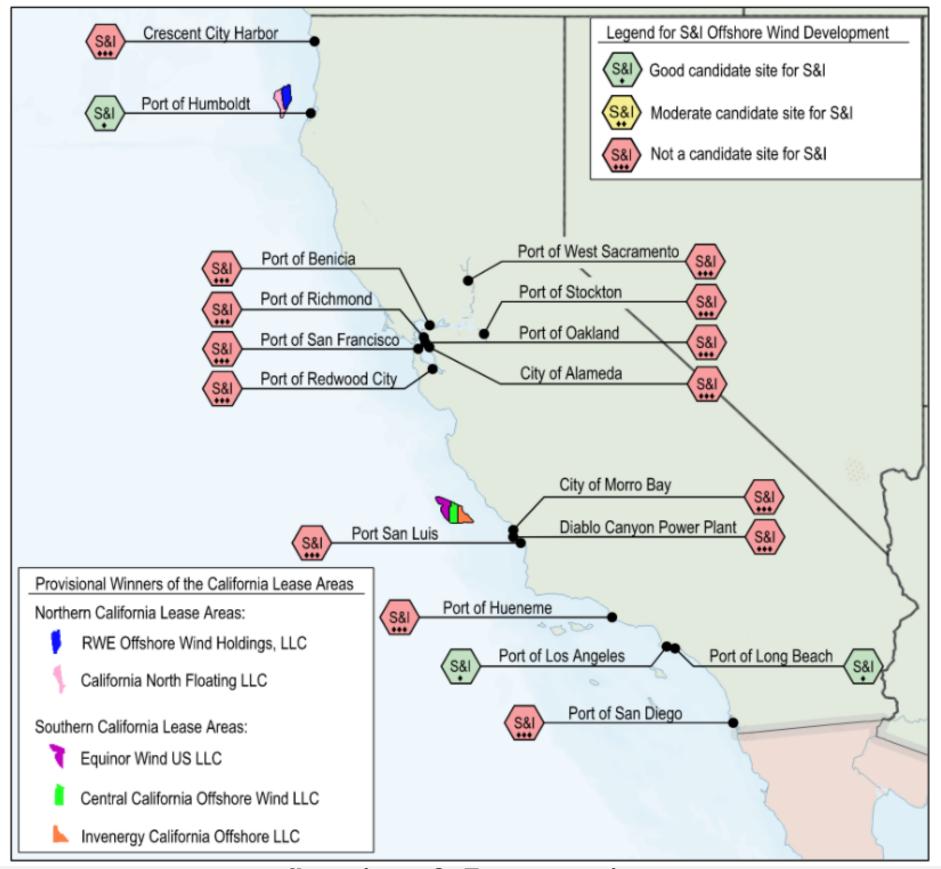
4) WTG Integration

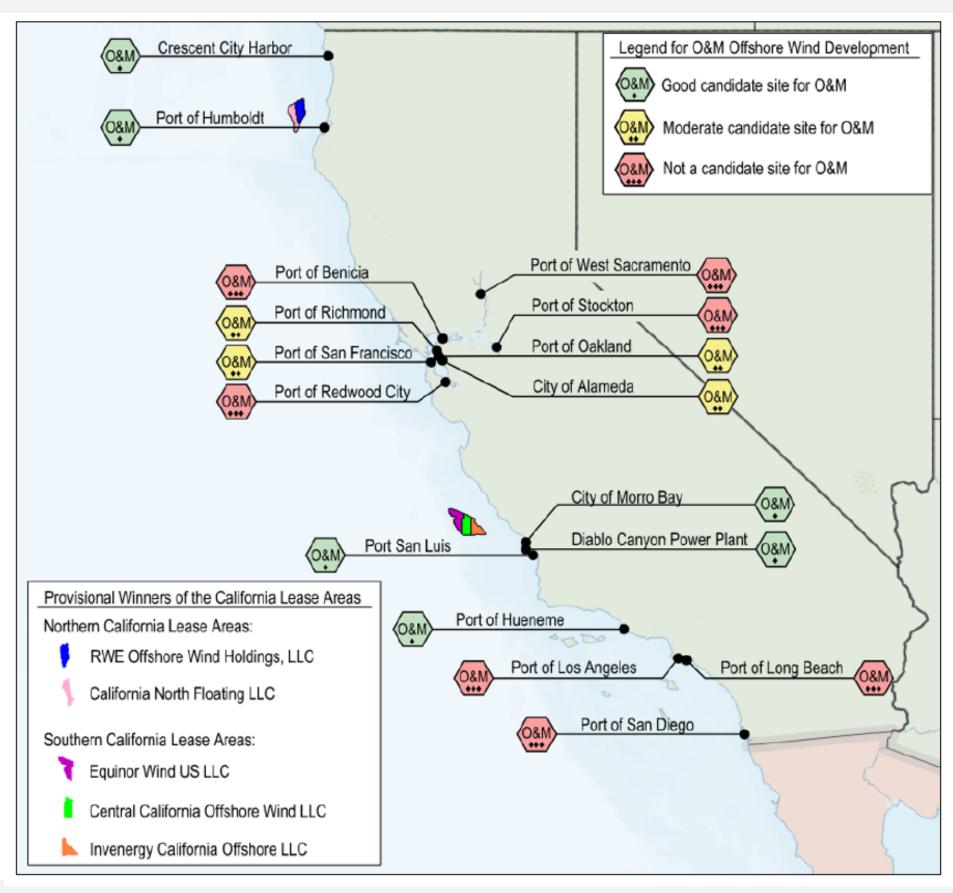


5) Tow to Installation Site



#### **Ports**

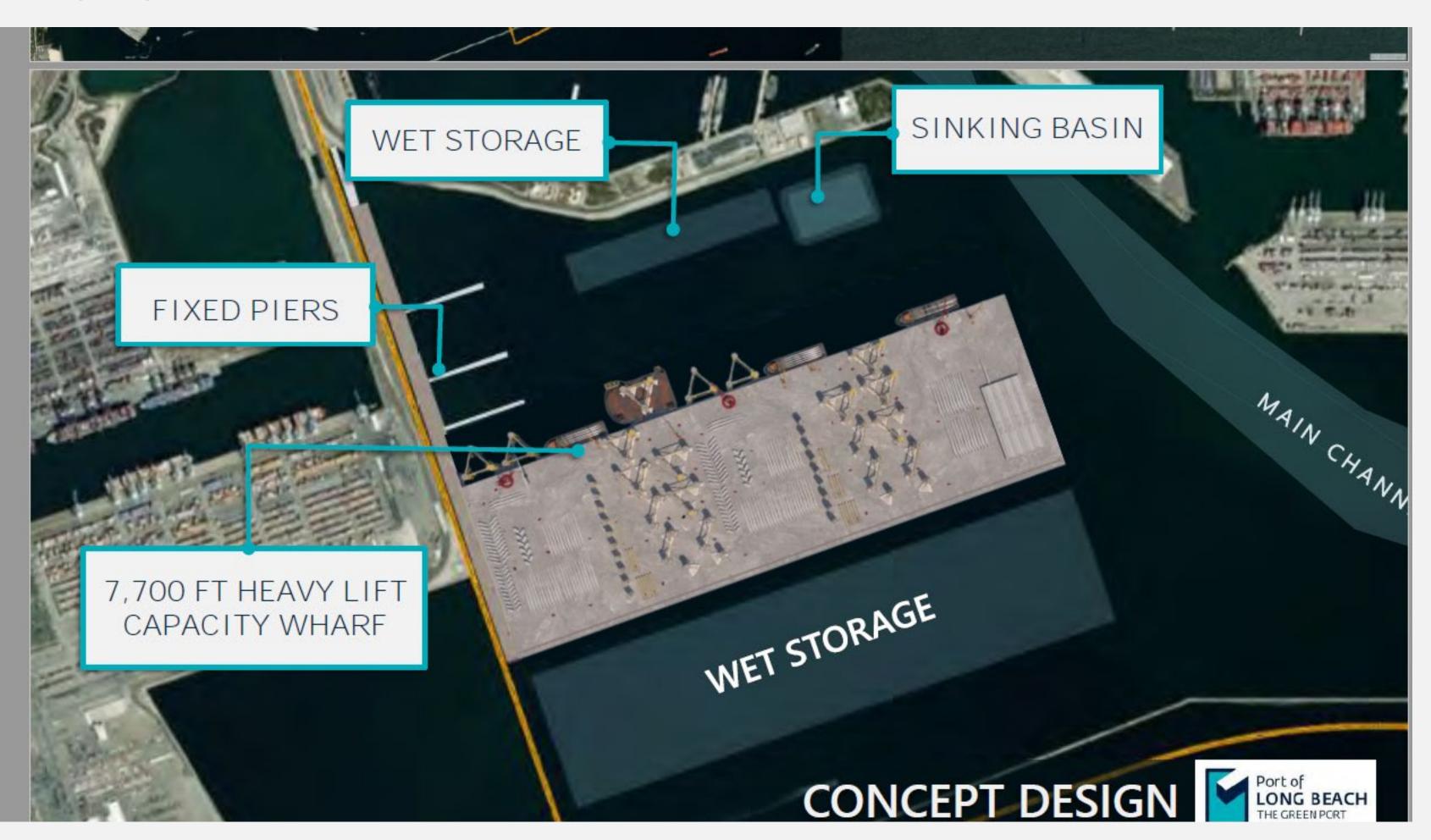




**Staging & Integration** 

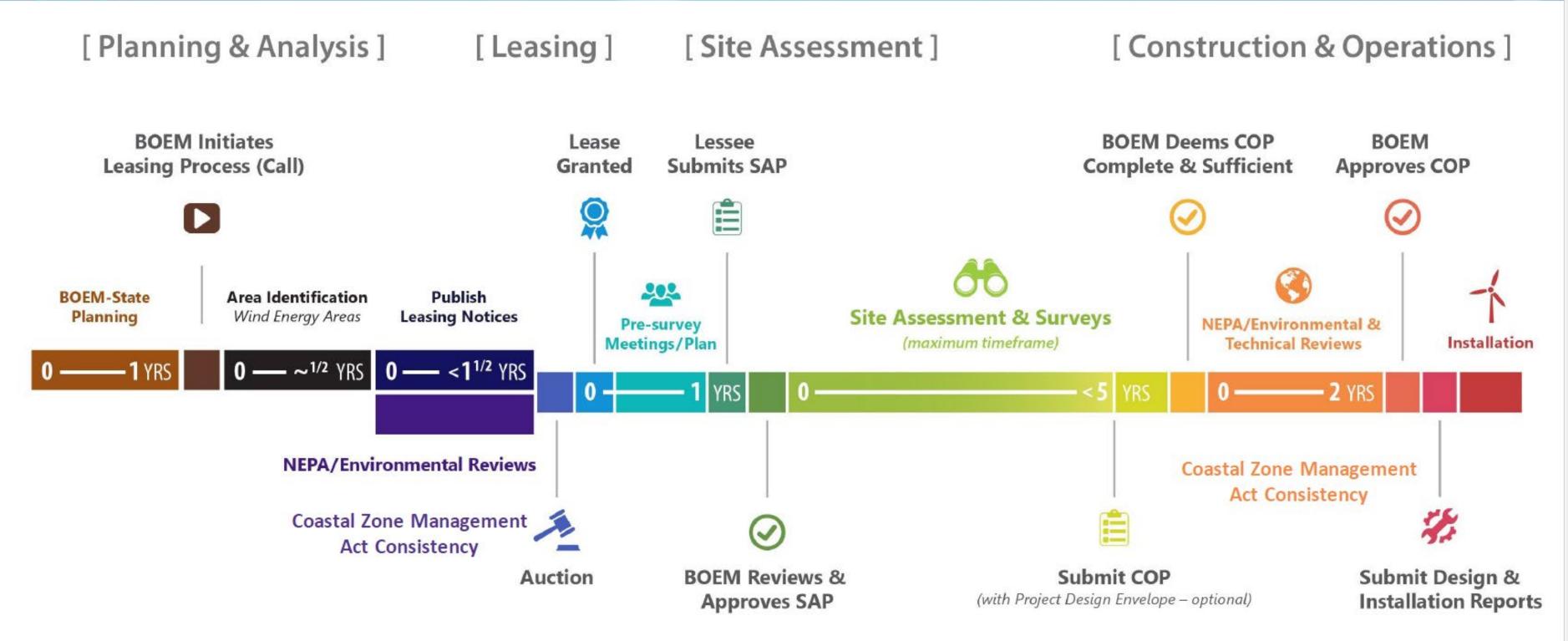
**Operations & Maintenance** 

#### **Ports**



#### **Permitting**





#### Permitting

SWCA* ENVIRCHMENTAL CONSULTANTS		Year 1				Year 2			Year 3 Quarter					Year 4			Year 5			Year 6					
													Rai to												
Permitting Framework*		5	8	8	8	5	8	8	8	5	8	8	ઢ	8	700	8	춍	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
BOEM Auction/Lease																									
Site investigation and Construction and Operation Plan Preparation (assumes lease Issuance 3 months after lease auction)																									
Applicant Conducts Surveys/Prepares COP**																									
BOEM Construction and Operation Plan (COP) Sufficiency Review																									
BOEM Deems COP Sufficient/Complete CEGA and State Permitting																									
Notice of Preparation of an Environmental Impact Report																			-						
Prepare Draft Environmental Impact Report				$\vdash$	-	$\vdash$					-							1	1	1	1			$\vdash$	$\vdash$
Notice of Availability of Draft Environmental Impact Report																									
Prepare Final Environmental Impact Report/Response to Comments																									
Notice of Availability of Final Environmental Impact Report/Response to Comments																									
Issuance of a Notice of Determination (NOD)																									
CDFW Section 1600 Streambed Alteration Agreement																									
CDFW Incidental Take Permit																									
CCC Consistency Certification (Coastal Development Permit)																									
CSLC Tidelands Lease																									
National Pollutant Discharge and Elimination System (NPDES) Construction General Permit Regional Water Quality Control Board Clean Water Act Section 401																									
Permit																									
State Parks easement (beach crossing)																									<u> </u>
Assembly Bill (AB) 52 Tribal Consultation																									

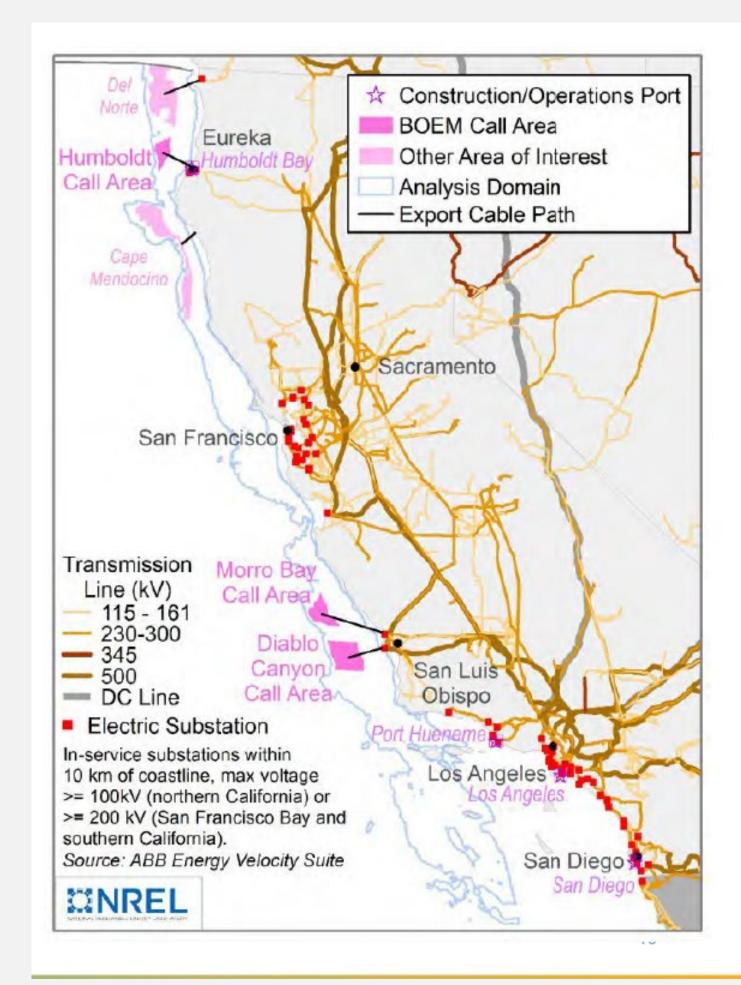
SWCA' ENVIRONMENTAL CONSULTANTS			Yea	ir 1			Yes	er 2			Ye	ar 3			Yes	ir4		Year 5					Yea	r G	
													uarte												
Permitting Framework*		5	70	8	8	٥	88	8	8	6	88	8	8	5	8	8	8	٥	8	80	8	5	8	8	8
State Agency Coordination/CEQA Review Participation (to facilitate the Roadmap)***																									
BOEM NEPA EIS and Federal Permitting (Applicant Project)																								Ш	
NEPA EIS Notice of Intent and Scoping	_																							Ш	
Prepare Draft Environmental Impact Statement (EIS)	_																							Н	$\vdash$
Draft EIS Notice of Availability and Comment Period	$\vdash$				-																		$\square$	Н	
Prepare Final EIS																								Н	
Notice of Availability of Final Environmental Impact Statement	$\vdash$																							Н	
Record of Decision (BOEM USACE, NMFS are signatories)		$\vdash$																						Н	
USFWS/NMFS Endangered Species Act Section 7 Consultation  Applicant Prepares Biological Assessments																								Н	
Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act (MSFCMA) Section 305(b) Essential Fish Habitat Consultation																									
National Historic Preservation Act Section 106 Consultation																									
CCC Consistency Certification (see State Process) Bard and Gorden Eagle Protection Act Indidental Take Permit, Migratory Bird Treaty Act Compilance	_				-																		H	Н	
US Coast Guard Private Aids to Navigation Application																									
Individual Permit pursuant to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899																									
Individual Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 404 Permit																									
Clean Air Act Outer Continental Shelf Permit																									
Marine Mammal Protection Act (MMPA) IHA Permit		$oxed{oxed}$																					Ш	Ш	Ш

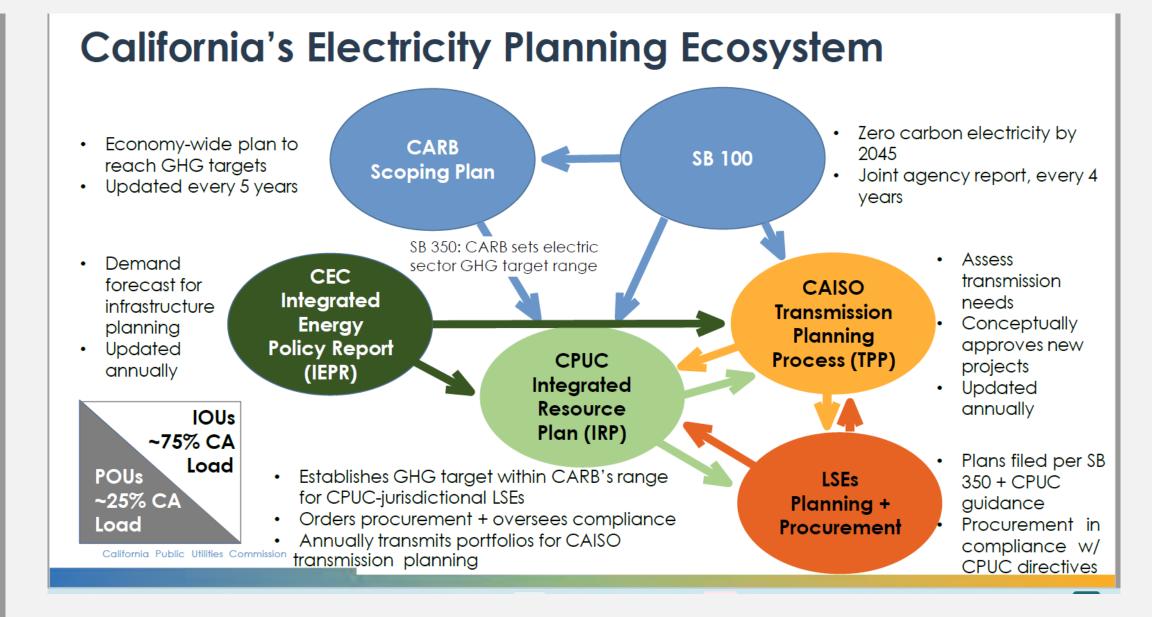
<sup>\*</sup>This timeline is presented to illustrate the complexities of permitting an offshore wind project in the State of California and the need for a coordinated state and federal process.

- ~83 permits
- 6+ years
- Multiple federal and multiple state agencies

<sup>\*\*</sup>Note, there are several permits/consultations required at the site investigation stage not depicted here for activities in State Waters leig. consultation with SHPO. GSG survey permit from CSIC etc.). In

#### **Transmission**





- Integrated Resource Planning (CPUC)
- Transmission Planning Process (CAISO)
  - Transmission environmental review (CPUC)
  - Construction (IOUs or competitive)
- Interconnection Process (CAISO)
  - Interconnection request & award of deliverability (Developer + CAISO)

#### Procurement: Who buys the power?

- Very large-scale projects
- Long lead time
- Financial and development risk
- New technology, abovemarket costs
- Limited "pre-development" capabilities
- Procurement as the tip of the spear

Entity

Mechanism

Cost allocation

Bid review

#### **East Coast Procurement Patterns**

Year	I			
	New York	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Maryland
2017			800	390
2018	1,700	1,100		
2019			800	
2020	2,400	2,600		
2021			1,655	
2022	2,000+			
2023		1,200 - 4,000	3,600	
2024		1,200		
Selected project sizes for completed solicitations to date	816 - 1,260 MW	1,100 – 1,500	400 - 1,200	~800 MW
State Goal	9 GW by 2035	11 GW by 2040	5.6 GW by 2027	8.5 GW by 2031

# AB 1373: CENTRAL PROCUREMENT OF DIVERSE NEW CLEAN ENERGY SOURCES





SHARE THIS:

AMENDED IN SENATE SEPTEMBER 07, 2023

AMENDED IN SENATE AUGUST 31, 2023

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY MAY 22, 2023

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 13, 2023

Date Published: 09/07/2023 09:00 PM

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE— 2023–2024 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 1373

Introduced by Assembly Members Garcia and Ting and Senator Becker

(Coauthor: Assembly Member Wood) (Principal coauthor: Assembly Member Wood)

(Coauthors: Assembly Members Addis, Robert Rivas, and Zbur)

(Coauthors: Senators Atkins, Laird, Min, Rubio, and Stern)

February 17, 2023

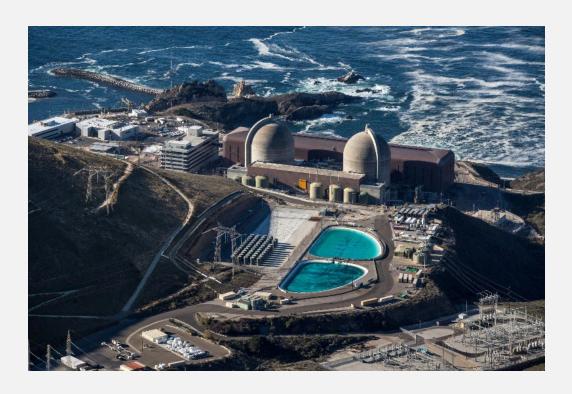
# Local Impacts, Benefits and Equity

- Fishing industry
- Tribes
- On-shore infrastructure
- Job Creation
- Environmental Justice
- Coastal vs. central valley development













# The State Lands Commission & the Future of Offshore Wind In California

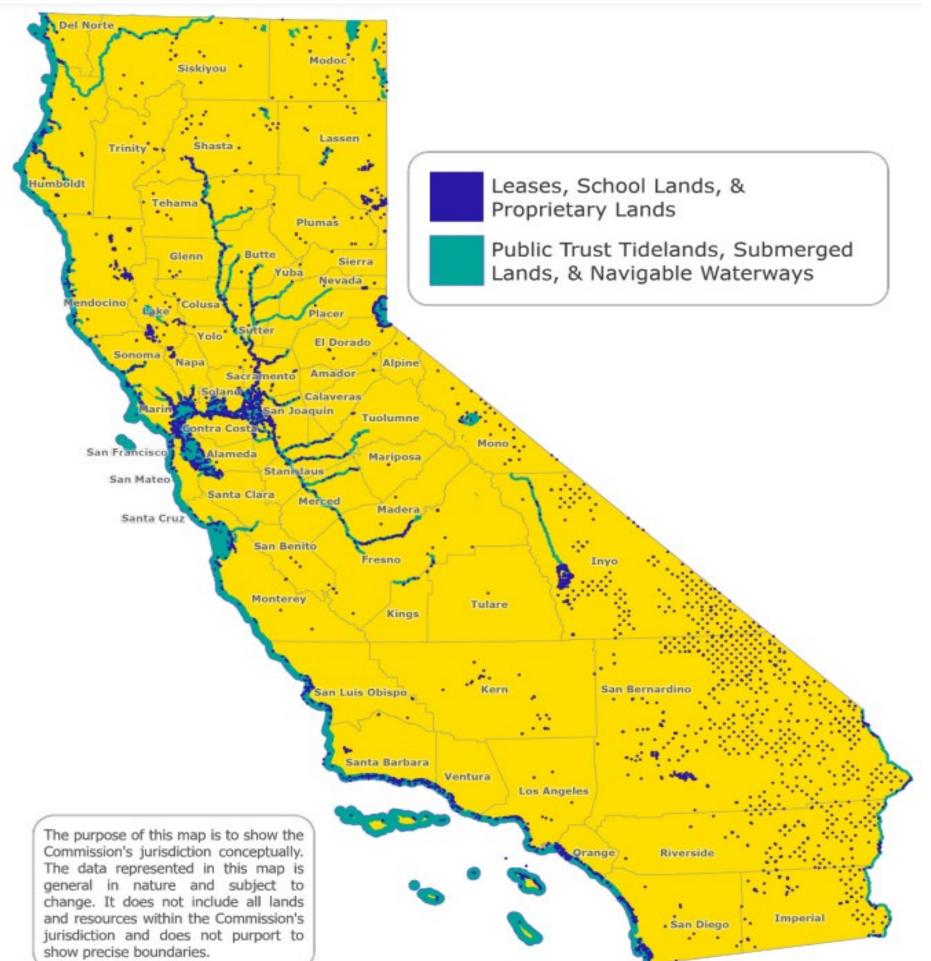
BPC 2023 Energy & Water Nexus | September 15, 2023

Jennifer Lucchesi, Executive Officer





## **The State Lands Commission**



#### Jurisdiction & Renewable Energy

- Manages/Oversees 4 million acres of public tidelands and submerged lands, including ports and harbor trustees
- Manages nearly 500,000 acres of "school land" throughout the State
- Our current renewable energy portfolio: solar, geothermal, onshore wind, nuclear
- Next: Offshore Wind



### OFFSHORE WIND GENERATION GOALS

- SB 100 (De León, 2018)
- Biden Administration: 30 GW of offshore wind by 2030





#### FACT SHEET: Biden-Harris Administration Announces New Actions to Expand U.S. Offshore Wind Energy

→ BRIEFING ROOM → STATEMENTS AND RELEASES

Departments of Energy, Interior, Commerce, and Transportation Launch
Initiatives on Floating Offshore Wind to Deploy 15 GW, Power 5 Million Homes,
and Lower Costs 70% by 2035

Today, the Biden-Harris Administration is launching coordinated actions to develop new floating offshore wind platforms, an emerging clean energy technology that will help the United States lead on offshore wind. In tandem with President Biden's economic and clean energy agenda, these actions will create good-paying jobs, lower energy costs for families, and strengthen U.S. energy security. Since taking office, President Biden's vision and leadership has jumpstarted the American offshore wind industry and made America a magnet for clean energy investments. The President set a <u>bold goal</u> of deploying 30 gigawatts (GW) of offshore wind by 2030, enough to power 10 million homes with clean energy, support 77,000 jobs, and spur private investment up and down the supply chain.



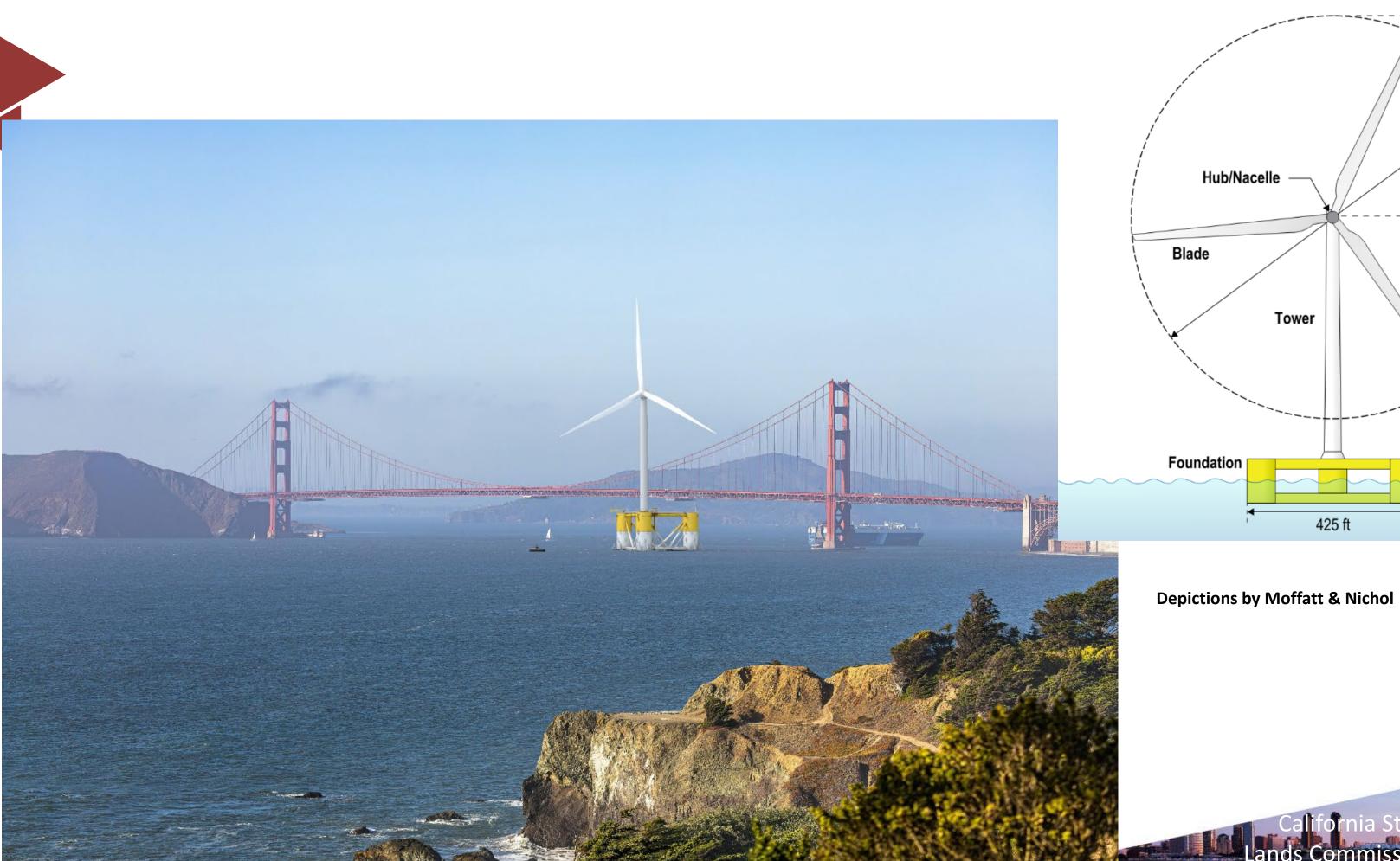
# AB 525 (CHIU, 2021)

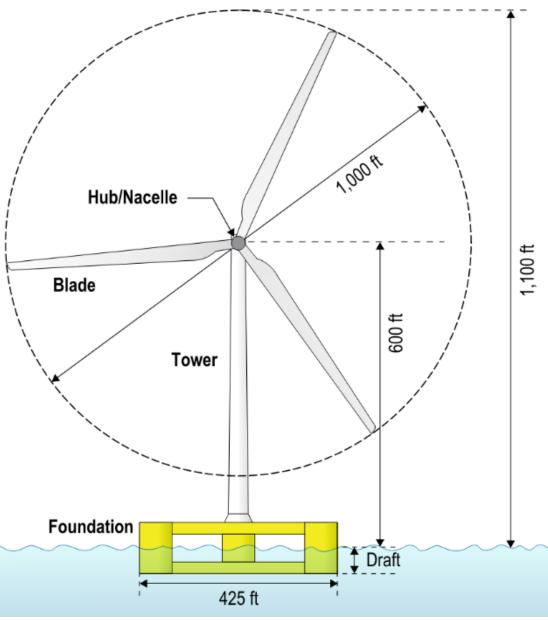
Requires the CA Energy Commission, in coordination with other state agencies to:

- 1. Evaluate and quantify the maximum feasible OSW energy generation capacity in waters off the California coast.
- Establish OSW planning goals for 2030 and 2045; 2-5GW and 25GW.
- 3. Develop a five-part strategic plan for OSW development off the California coast in federal waters

# AB 525 STRATEGIC PLAN COMPONENTS

- 1. Identify suitable sea space for future projects
- 2. Develop plans so **ports and the workforce** can be ready.
- 3. Assess the **transmission** investments, upgrades and associated costs
- 4. Produce a **permitting** roadmap
- 5. Identify potential **impacts** on coastal resources, fisheries, Native American and Indigenous Peoples, and National Defense, and strategies for addressing those impacts

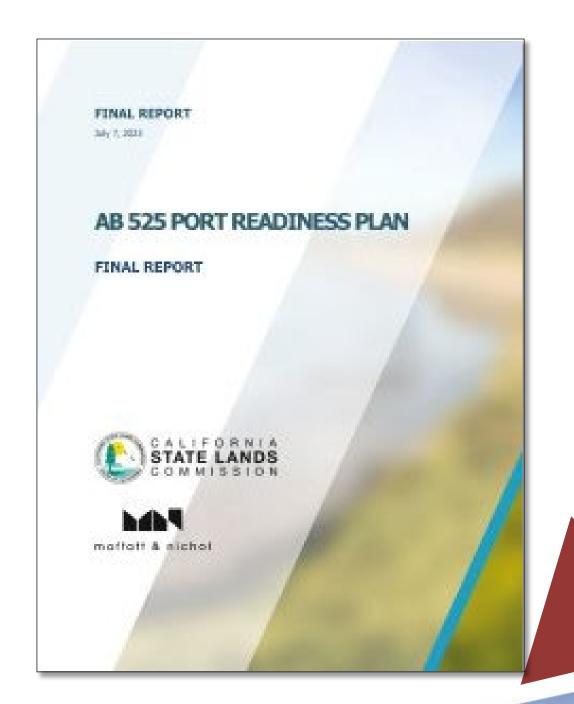




# PORT REPORTS

- 16 large, 10 small port sites needed
- Existing ports are preferable over undeveloped sites
- \$11-12 billion in port upgrades





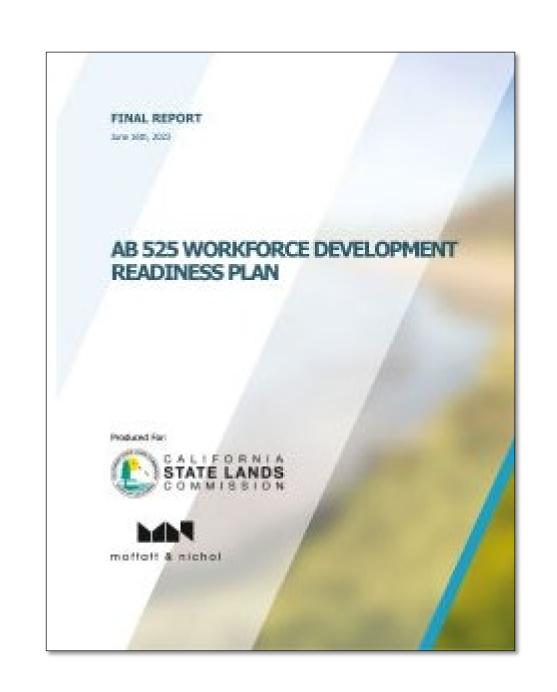


# Types of Offshore Wind Facilities

- Staging and Integration: a site to receive, stage, and assemble components on a floating platform
  - Humboldt, Long Beach, and Los Angeles
- Manufacturing Sites: a site that receives raw material and creates the larger components in the supply chain. Completed components are transported via water
  - Humboldt, Benicia, Stockton, Richmond, San Francisco, Redwood City, Los Angeles, Long Beach, San Diego
- Operations and Maintenance Facility: a home port of the fleet of construction vessels necessary for construction, commissioning, and repair of the offshore wind farm
  - Crescent City Harbor District, Humboldt, Morro Bay, Diablo Canyon, Port San Luis, San Diego

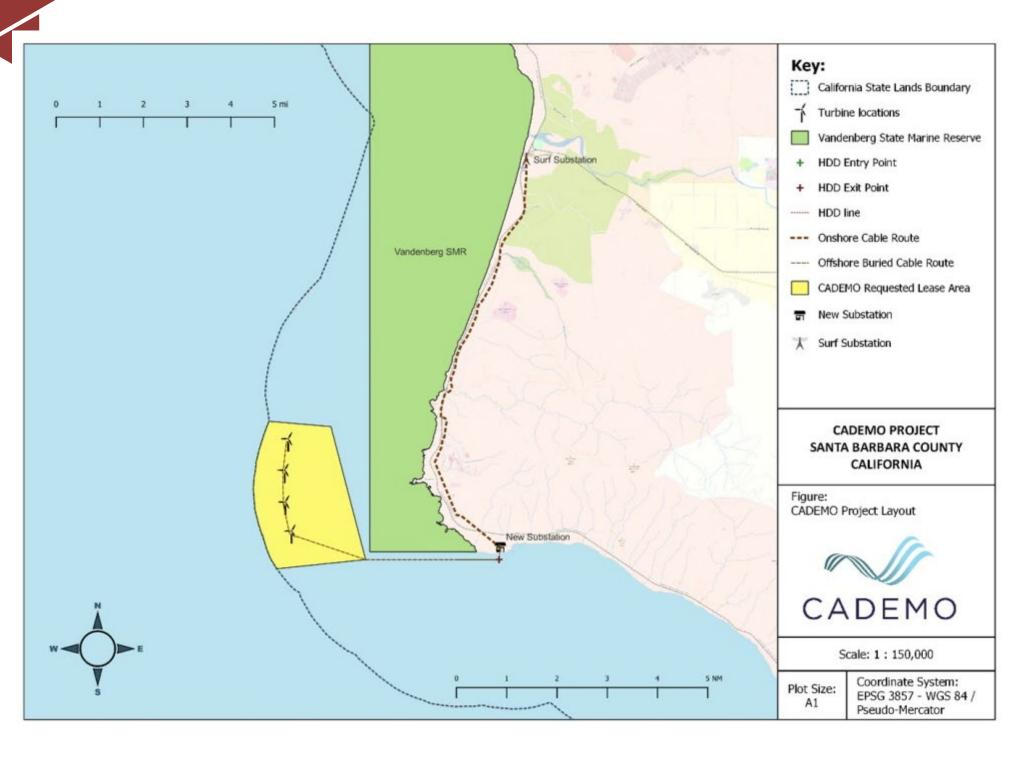
# WORKFORCE REPORT

- Identify a primary state agency for the economic development of California's OSW industry.
- Align workforce investments with regional port strategies as well as the strengths and needs of each region.
- Develop training programs and curriculum sequentially, according to workforce demands.
- Engage early with unions, trade organizations, universities, and technical schools.
- Invest in research and innovation for manufacturing, assembly, staging, and port logistics.





# CADEMO PROJECT IN STATE WATERS



- Self-described demonstration project; 4 turbines
- Preliminary Environmental Assessment completed in 2022
- Recent agreement between State Lands Commission and Dept. of the Air Force on joint EIS/EIR



# **NEAR-TERM NEXT STEPS**

- AB 525 Strategic Plan will soon be released for public comment
- Commission may receive applications for geophysical survey permits to assess the siting of components in state waters
- BOEM intends to pursue a Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement; coordination currently beginning
- Port upgrades will likely occur on granted lands; staff will coordinate with trustees

#### www.slc.ca.gov

# THANK YOU & QUESTIONS

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